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HOW NECKTIES ARE MADE.

A Manufacturer Tells of the Trade and Its Peculiarities.

The designing of silks and satins for necktie is a profession in itself. "There are special grades and designs of silks and satins made exclusively for the necktie trade," said a manufacturer to a New York *Mail* reporter. "These materials are made from patterns designed by men who do nothing but study new things in this line. There are from fifty to seventy-five factories in the country and ten or twelve first-class makers. The latter usually secure exclusive rights to use certain styles of goods offered to the American market, or a large portion of it. But the success of making up such goods is just like a lottery. Perhaps one reason I hit upon a design that will become so popular that all the other makers are forced to adopt it, but the next season some one in Boston or Philadelphia will make a hit, and I am forced to copy that. There's never any telling how a necktie is going to take until it is fairly on the market. Then it depends on success on who adopts it first. If he happens to be a swell, that particular kind of necktie will sell well."

"Are the styles of making up neckties originated abroad?"

"Not now. They were until about three years ago, but now our styles are superior to the European, and they are coming over here for patterns. However, there is a tendency toward English patterns for this season.

"There are more than 1,200 girls employed in this city alone. They work by the piece and make money more or less according to their expertness. A good finisher can make $8 or $9 a week. She sews a necktie after it is put together and finishes each detail perfectly so that it is ready to box. Three different colors of the same design and same style are sewed together to give the dealer assortment in the one make. The finisher must see that all of this kind are exactly alike in point of finish and make. We have one girl who does nothing but turn bands of neckties, and she makes 15 a week. She turns twenty-five or thirty dozen bands a day."

Wonderful Feats with a Saw.

I have often read of the wonderful feats performed by skilled workmen with tools, such as engraving the Lord's prayer on the back of a silver 3 cent piece or making a steam engine that would start in a silver quarter, but I saw some wonders performed the other night that surpassed them all. All the miniature pieces manufactured heretofore have been made with small tools, and in some cases with the aid of a microscope, but here is a man in the Sea Beach Palace exposition on Coney island, who works the most delicate articles with a circular saw nineteen feet long and revolving at the rate of over a mile a minute. On this immense machine the skilful operator in my presence sawed out four chairs, all complete with legs and backs, so small that the four were placed on the end of a lead pencil at one time. Also a dozen knives and forks of the most diminutive size were made and placed around the lead pencil. So small were they that although the entire dozen were placed round the lead pencil not one of them touched the other. Then the operator trimmed his finger nails on the fine saw as cleverly and easily as one could do it with a penknife. Wetting his thumb, he pressed the ball of it into some sawdust and then sawed the sawdust off the thumb without scratching the skin, yet a single nervous twitch of the arm would have cost him a hand. All sorts of curious puzzles are turned out with astonishing rapidity from all sorts of misshapen blocks of wood. Even articles of clothing, as thin and flexible as cloth, are worked out by this magician from little pieces of wood with his big saw. The cap he works in was sawed out of over 1,000 pieces of wood, no two of which are the same size or shape.—*Brooklyn Eagle.*

Russian Tea Drinking.

The Russians are a nation of tea-drinkers; coffee is rare; tea is universal, and universally good. The best tea I ever drank was in Russia; they drink it at all hours, and without regard to quantity—sometimes ten cups at a sitting, and yet, apparently, with impunity.

Brass urns, in which tea-water is boiled by means of a charcoal fire, are found over all the Empire. They are called samovars, and I found it important to include in my Russian vocabulary the word "samovar." Their method of making and drinking tea has been noticed by all travelers in their country.

They claim that water at the boiling point is destructive to the good qualities of tea, so they draw their tea with water just below that point. They use thin glass tumblers, with ordinary saucers; sometimes the women use cups, but the men never; the tea is poured into the saucers, which are held on the upturned ends of the thumb and fingers of the right hand; milk and cream are rarely used; a block of cut sugar is held in the left hand, from which they nibble pieces, as they slowly sip their delicious, wine-colored tea.

The Terrier and the Coyote.

We have a dog—a yaller dog—and the way we have bragged on that dog and his fighting qualities will, we fear, prove a bar to our passage through the pearly gates. We have told his pedigree and offered to back him against any other pup in the valley; in fact, our assurance has staved off many a battle; but, alas, our pride in that direction has vanished.

While riding forth in the sage-brush country the other day we noticed a small coyote dogging our tracks; we proceeded to dog him, when something peculiar happened. The yellow terrier commenced to pivot around a large, low bush with the coyote in hard pursuit. Well, now, you see, a coyote can beat a cyclone in speed, so it only took about two rounds before he gained on the dog enough to take a piece of meat out of his hind leg. To say that the terrier was astonished is to put it light. He fell over himself several times, hauled down the flag, and sought the shelter of the horse. That blamed coyote followed us for two miles, intent on a fight, but he did not get it. Bids will be received at our office for the terrier.

Art Education for Women.

"Since cultivation of art must be bred into people, and slowly assimilated by them," says Mary A. Livermore, "it is a matter of congratulation that in so many American cities a movement for industrial art education has been well begun.

"The woman who has a thorough art education can to-day easily find employment. The demand for art teachers is in excess of the supply. Eighteen young ladies who graduated from a school of design in one of our Eastern cities found immediate and lucrative employment. Occupation in the useful and ornamental arts will give to the rising ambition and talent of American girls a large and noble scope.

"There is an unworked mine of untold wealth among us, says Professor Walter Smith, in the art education of women. We could utilize much human life, now profitably occupied, by educating and employing women as teachers of art. There are also many branches of skilled workmanship, requiring delicate fingers and native readiness of taste, which could be better performed by women than men. There is, therefore, for young women obliged to think for self-support, a large and hopeful future. Industrial art furnishes them with a calling for many kinds of employment pleasant and profitable, labor well suited to their tastes, their strength, and capacity. They must be willing to elevate their standard of preparation; must be content to serve a long and sometimes laborious apprenticeship to their various professions.

"No investment of funds will yield a larger an interest to an American city than the money given to found technical and industrial schools, where gifted and promising girls can be trained for such occupations at small expense to themselves. Their commercial value, alone, should give them practical importance in any community. And as an industrial art and fine art, have, in the main, the same elementary basis, whatever promotes the former must aid the latter directly or indirectly; and thus the public taste will be elevated, and the public judgment of art-matters educated.

"I have emphasized the need and value of art-education for women, because of the deficiency in this respect in our present school systems; and because it offers to the ambition of women an almost limitless help, not crowded with applicants, as is the profession of teaching.

"And when, in addition, a New England manufacturer makes the statement that the designs used in his factory cost forty thousand dollars yearly, every dollar of which goes to England, France and Germany, and that the same designs might have been made within a mile of his mill for five thousand dollars, if an art-school had been maintained there five years, we have a very strong reason for the conviction that the technical schools and schools of design, already doing such good work, will be increased and thoroughly efficient. When was an American accused of indifference to any question of money-saving or money-making? The difficulties in the way of art-education vanish daily. Its agencies and its area have doubled in the last six years, and are already providing employment for large numbers of women."

A Natural Bridge.

A writer in *Science* gives an interesting description of a natural bridge almost as remarkable as the Virginia curiosity, spanning a canon about twenty miles north of the point where the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad crosses the boundary between New Mexico and Arizona. This bridge is sixty-five feet long and fifteen feet wide at the narrowest point. It consists of tough grit rock, under which the softer sandstones have been worn away to a depth of twenty-five to forty feet beneath the arch. Near by is a petrified forest. The stone tree-trunks lie just beneath the soil, or half exposed, fallen in all directions. This point has never before been visited by a white man.

What Was the Holy Alliance?

The holy alliance was entered into in Paris, September, 1815, by the emperors of Russia and Austria and the king of Prussia. It was an attempt to announce a principle of government which it was expected would secure justice and prosperity and peace to Europe. It was considered that the French revolution and the supremacy of Napoleon I. was the work of men. The human laws by which the state was governed were to be purified and invigorated by a divine power.

Important New York Society Gossip.

Those who carry an empty tomato can about the streets of a big city gathering stale beer from the kegs standing on the sidewalks were said, once upon a time, to be "working the growler." But this phrase went out of general use some time ago in New York and "carrying the banner" was substituted for it. Now this phrase has been laid aside and it is "chasing the duck" that the experts in the slang now use.

Greatest Depth of the Ocean.

The greatest depth of the ocean ascertained by sounding is 5½ miles (25,720 ft., or 4,620 fathoms), not quite equal to the height of the highest known mountain, Mount Everest, which measures 29,002 feet or 5½ miles high. The average depth between 60 degrees north and 60 degrees south, is nearly 3 miles.

HASHED MUTTON.—Mince an onion and fry it in butter to a brown color, add a tablespoonful of flour, stir well, pour in enough stock or broth to make the sauce, with a dash of vinegar, pepper, salt and spices to taste. Let the whole get warm by a gentle simmering and keep it hot till wanted for table. Serve.

ENTREE FOR ROAST PORK.—Peel as many potatoes as will cover the bottom of a big pie dish. Sprinkle half a teaspoonful dried sage over them. Cut an onion in thin slices and spread over this. Add salt and pepper and lumps of butter. Cover the bottom of the dish with water or milk, and bake it in a moderate oven.

CHILBLAINS.—Rub with a mixture consisting of three parts of soap liniment to one of tincture of iodine, every night. Wear worsted stockings. If this affords no relief, try a foot-bath, with a little mustard in the water, at bed-time.

NAPHA-KLANG.

Manner in Which Tombs Are Built and Interments Made.

A striking feature about Napha-Klang is the number of tombs surrounding it. These are built in the sides of the hills and are of a horseshoe shape. They are in the form of vaults, and are constructed of solid masonry. In these vaults the dead are placed and left for seven years, after which the remains are collected and placed in urns. Those who can not afford to build a tomb for the use of their own relatives combine with others, so as to have a common place of sepulture of respectable appearance. The finest, however, are interred in holes cut in the sea cliffs. After burial supplies of food and rice spirit are placed in the tomb for the use of the deceased, which the relatives come and consume after a decent interval. The combings of the hair are collected by the priests, and by them burned on certain occasions as offerings for some purpose or other; but the meaning of the rite has not yet been disclosed.

A Sea Flower.

One of the most exquisite wonders of the sea is called the opelet, about the size of the German aster, and looking, indeed very much like one. Imagine a very large double aster, with a great many long petals, of a light green color, glossy as satin, and each tipped with the color of a blush rose. These lovely petals do not lie in their places quietly, however, but wave about in the water, while the white opelet clings to a rock. You have no idea how pretty and innocent it looks on its immovable bed. Would you suspect that it would feast upon anything grosser than dew and sunbeams? Let us watch this satanic plant—for it is a devil of a flower—and see what it will do with those pretty, graceful arms. You will see in a moment—for here comes a boat-load little fish—do you see that little fish wriggling and sinking?—ah, it has disappeared! Yes, it was struck dead by the poison in those pretty arms, which was as fatal as the rattlesnake's bite, and in an instant a tremendous mouth opened and the victim was swallowed whole by the innocent looking opelet—a sea thing for a flower to do, surely.

Fame.

Hawthorne used to wride up and down in his later years, he tells us, with plenty of people who knew him well as the ex-surveyor of the port of Salem, but who never knew that he had written anything, and had never heard of the "Scarlet Letter." In Samuel Longfellow's memoir of his brother there is an entry from the poet's diary in which he tells how a "society woman," at whose table he was dining one day, asked him "Oh, Mr. Longfellow, have you ever published a book?" This was after two-thirds of his life work was done. The very day, a gentleman came into a barber's shop just as Dr. Holmes was going out, and occupied the chair that the aristocrat had vacated. "Do you know who that was that just went out?" said the barber. The visitor was curious to see what account of Dr. Holmes the barber would give and shook his head. "Why," said the barber, "that's old Dr. Holmes." "And who, pray, is Dr. Holmes?" "Oh, he's been a doctor here a great many years. I believe he ain't practicin' any more, but he's thought a great deal of."

A Frenchman's Museum of Death.

Among the numerous collectors of curiosities of every kind who abound in Paris there is one wealthy virtuose who amuses himself by collecting deaths' heads and skeletons fantastically carved or modeled in marble, earthenware, wood or precious stones. These he has gathered together in a kind of museum of death, which at first sight seems hideous and "macabre," but, on closer inspection, proves highly interesting.

Some of the heads have been detached from those old mediæval rosary beads, which were usually ornamented on one side with the profile of a king or a saint and on the other with the grinning face of a skeleton. One of the most hideous, yet at the same time most artistically executed, of the figures is that of a skeleton engaged in taking from off his bones the "conqueror worms," which have been claiming him as their own. The collector has given a lugubrious reality to the objects in his museum by placing here and there among them the skulls of dead women.

Dogs with Cat-like Habits.

Mr. Romanes, in his book on "Mental Evolution in Animals," gives some curious illustrations of modified instincts due to early association or training. A terrier pup, brought up with a kitten, began to bound like a cat, played with mice by letting them run for a distance and pounncing on them, licked his paws and rubbed them over his ears. Miss Mitford, in her Letters, records similar habits in a King Charles terrier, which belonged to no less a personage than the venerable Dr. Routh, President of Magdalene College, Oxford. This dog had been suckled and reared by a cat, having lost its own mother. He always showed the proverbial cat-like dread of wet feet, and never went out in rain; licked his paws several times in the day for the purpose of washing his face, sitting the while upon his tail in the true cattish position; watched a mouse-hole for hours together; and had, in short, all the ways, manners, and dispositions, of his feline foster-mother.

The Emperor of China and His Wives.

The young Emperor of China has just been engaged in the occupation of selecting three ladies as brides from amongst thirty-two assembled at his palace. These are collected from all over Manchuria from certain noble Manchu families, and have travelled some of them for hundreds and even a thousand miles to Pekin to undergo review. The future Empress is first selected, and then two assistants, called the Eastern and Western Empresses. This is the ancient custom of the Empire since the Manchus became its rulers. The Emperor will take over the reins of power next year.

—Col. Ludlow is going to ask Congress for $1,000,000 for Washington streets this winter.

Thirty Facts Worth Knowing.

The second largest state is California.

Nebraska is more than twice the size of Indiana.

Michigan and Florida are the same size.

Texas is four times as large as the New England States.

Dakota is larger than England, Scotland and Ireland together.

The population of London, England, is equal to that of Canada, or that of New York State, including its cities.

Kentucky and Portugal are about the same size.

California is nearly five times as large as Ireland.

The Island of Cuba and the State of Tennessee are nearly equal in area.

Brazil is nearly as large as the United States; but the population of the latter is six times that of the former.

The populations of Canada, New York, Ireland and Belgium are about the same.

If the people of Canada and of the United States were placed in the State of Texas, the number of persons to the square mile would be fewer than at present in China.

The population of Canada is double that of Australia.

Colorado is as large as New York, Pennsylvania and New Jersey together.

It would take ten states as large as Massachusetts to make a state as large as Kansas.

There are more people in the cities of New York and Brooklyn than in the state of Massachusetts, including its cities.

There are as many people in the City of Chicago as in the State of Connecticut.

There are tweny-seven states and territories each larger than New York.

Oregon is equal in area to New York and Pennsylvania.

Massachusetts is smaller than either New Hampshire or Vermont.

Minnesota is twice the size of Ohio.

The three states bordering on the Pacific are larger than the thirteen States bordering on the Atlantic.

Montana is thirty times larger than Connecticut.

Dakota is four times larger than Indiana.

Iowa is five times as large as Belgium, and four times as large as Denmark.

Maryland and Switzerland are about the same size.

Michigan is twice the size of Scotland.

The area of the Dominion of Canada is almost equal to the area of the United States, including Alaska.

Texas is as large as France, Holland and Belgium together.

There are nearly as many people in the City of Philadelphia as in the State of Kansas.

Garibaldi's Remains.

A remarkable controversy is being fought out over the body of Garibaldi. It will be recollected that when the hero and patriot died, his last will was found to confirm his expressions in life in favor of cremation. He required his executors to see that his body should not be buried, but burned. The feelings of some of the members of his family, and not a few of his friends, were adverse to such a treatment of his remains. From that time to this, the present head of the family, the Deputy Menotti Garibaldi, has been entreated again and again by his father's admirers to carry out the great patriot's last request. Menotti, however, has always steadily resisted these appeals. The whole business has now been put into the hands of the Milan Cremation Society, which is about to take legal proceedings against Menotti Garibaldi in order to compel him to lay aside his personal objections and comply with the direction of his father.

Aphorisms from Africa.

De cooles' spring hides the closest 'monstrous de rocks.

Las' year's hot spell cools off mighty fas'.

Light nigger too much fo' de so'-back hos'.

De meller apple give fa'r warnin, 'fo it fall.

De noise o' de wheels don't measure de load in de wagon.

Wild goose in de wheat fiel' don't go to sleep.

'Twon't he'p de crop to plant a new fangled sort o' corn with fifteen ears to de stalk on de po' broomstraw fiel'; dat sort o' land got all it kin do raisin' one ear to de hill.

De dog dat try to scratch a mole out de groun' ain't got 'nough edication to hurt him.

Blind hos' know when de trough am empty.

Bunyan's Genius.

We hear that Bunyan's "Pilgrim's Progress" has been translated into Japanese, and that it is illustrated in a very curious way, by native artists. Christian has a close-shaven Mongolian head, Vanity Fair is a feast of lanterns, with all the popular Japanese amusements, the dungeon of Giant Dispair is one of those large wooden cages well known to Eastern criminals, and the angels waiting to receive the pilgrims on the further side of the bridgeless river are dressed after the latest Yokohama fashions in the gorgeous costumes and head-dresses of great Japanese ladies. It is the best of proofs of Bunyan's genius, that his work is found so truly human, as to adapt to the sentiments and associations of men in all lands and climes.

Pencilling Her Eyebrows.

More than one woman, well known in society, persists in penciling her eyebrows with India ink. The fashion might be condoned if it were an improvement, but not one woman in ten can practice it without making herself ridiculous. The other day I met at a reception a lady who is the mother of grown children. She had evidently made up in a hurry or in a room insufficiently lighted, for one eyebrow was half an inch higher, more arched and longer than the other. It gave this otherwise dignified female the appearance of a diabolical wink with one eye, which, to say the least, was grotesque.

IT has been estimated that the power exerted by the tail of a whale eighty feet long and twenty feet across the flukes of the tail, in propelling it at the rate of twelve miles an hour, is equal to the power of 145 horses.

Where Woman is Queen.

In Ohio, a married woman's rights are co-equal with her husband's. Whatever a man may do a wife may do also. If she owns separate real estate she can sell and convey it without consulting her husband. If she wants to mortgage or lease her farm or house or lot she is at perfect liberty to do so. If she possesses personal property it is her own, and it will pass to her husband only by her consent. The law regarding man and wife has been completely revolutionized by a mere act of simplification. She can buy and sell, sue and be sued, in her own name, without any intervention of her husband or "next friend." If she is in debt when she marries her husband is not bound to pay the indebtedness unless he chooses. The creditor must collect from the real debtor. In other words, the rights of man and wife are made exactly identical. Whatever right the man possesses under the marriage relation, the same right is possessed by the wife without qualification or abridgement. According to the law of Ohio to-day, husband and wife are not one person, but two separate and distinct individuals as far as their independent right to acquire and dispose of personal, real and mixed property is concerned. If she calls her next-door neighbor an antiquated parellogram and no better than the hypothenuse of a right-angle triangle, her unfortunate husband is not bound to go into the court and be mulcted ten thousand dollars, more or less, for slander. Some of the most complicated and vexatious litigation which has ever lumbered up the dockets of the Ohio courts, enriched lawyers, and impoverished widows and orphans, will be prevented and hereafter rendered impossible by this law.

Delusions About Snakes.

Much of the popular delusion concerning snakes is contradicted by Mr. Rheim, of the Smithsonian Institution. The enormous hoop-snake, which takes its tail in its mouth and rolls along like a hoop, and the blow snake, the breath of which is deadly, exist only in the imagination. The idea that serpents sting with the tongue is erroneous. An impression prevails that the number of poisonous snakes is great, but in North America there are but three species—rattle-snake, the copper-head or moccasin, and the coral. Snakes do not jump; they reach suddenly forward—perhaps half the length of their bodies.

EDISON has a remarkable memento of Beecher at his house in Llewellyn Park. His phonograph for impressing on a soft metal sheet the utterance of the human voice, and then emitting it again by the turning of a crank, has never been put to any very practical use, but he has utilized it to make a collection of famous voices. Instead of asking his visitors for their autographs or photographs, he has, in two or three hundred instances, requested them to speak a few sentences into a phonograph. He has kept the plates in a cabinet, and occasionally he runs some of them through the machine, which sends out the words as at first uttered.

"Fads" and "Faddists."

A word that is often heard in English political talk is "fad". It has hardly yet found its way into the dictionaries, but "fads" are many, and "faddists" and "fad-mongers" abound. Mr. Sala has suggested that the word is a corruption of "faddle," to dandle—in French, dorlotor. A "faddist" is continually dandling and caressing his "fad." It is more probably a contraction of "fidfad," a word that has been long in use with much the same meaning as "fad." Edward Moore, writing in The World in 1754, applies the word to a very precise person—"The youngest, who thinks in her heart that her sister is no better than a slattern, runs into the contrary extreme, and is, in everything she does, an absolute fidfad." From "fidfad" in this sense to the modern "fad" and "faddist" is not a very violent transition. The tendency to abbreviation is very general. *Home Journal.*

Essaying the Knock Out Blow.

"The reason why so many pugilists are breaking their arms in fights," said a local boxer, "is found in their crazy recklessness to get in a knock out blow. This blow is aimed at the jugular vein, and the pugilist, in attempting to accomplish this feat, often strikes too high, driving his hand with terrific force against his opponent's skull and snapping the big bone in his wrist as though it were a pipe stem. It often happens, too, that the pugilist essaying the knock out blow drives his hand against his opponent's elbow, which has been thrown up as a guard. This proves almost as disastrous to the aggressor as the cranium hit. It is time that this swinging knock out blow was discarded. A straight punch from the shoulder was good enough for the old timers. It ought to be good enough now."

SIR HENRY THOMPSON, an eminent English physician, says: "I have no hesitation in attributing a large portion of the most painful and dangerous maladies which come under my notice, as well as those which every medical man has to treat, to the ordinary and daily use of fermented drinks taken 'moderately.'"

IN WASHINGTON city, according to *The American*, there are 71 houses of prostitution that are licensed to sell liquor. Beside these there are many such houses not licensed. One of the theaters of the city has become the lowest kind of a dance house. There are seven colored gambling houses with saloons connected. All these houses and their character are known to the police yet the President's orders to close them are not obeyed.

LAST year we made in this country over sixteen millions of barrels of beer. This, at the usual retail rate of thirty dollars per barrel, comes to more than $400,000,000, which the people pay out for their beer. Already we average eighty-four glasses of beer for every man, woman and child in the country; and the average is increasing, and the number of drinkers is increasing.

A PRIZE of one hundred thousand dollars is being raised by the business men of Buffalo to be awarded for the best device of utilizing the water-power of Niagara.

CHRONICLE-UNION.

BRIDGEPORT, NOVEMBER 10, 1887.

Entered at the Bridgeport Postoffice as Second Class Matter.

SAN FRANCISCO AGENTS.

E. C. DAKE, 65 Merchants' Exchange.
L. P. FISHER, 21 Merchants' Exchange.
G. H. KELLOGG, 320 Pine street.

The execution of Spies, Parsons, Engel and Fisher, the Anarchists, took place at Chicago at 11:55 o'clock on Friday, the 11th inst., without any disturbance from their friends. The funeral took place on Sunday, under direction of the police, consequently there were no riotous demonstrations. The authorities of Chicago managed the whole business in a determined and vigorous manner, which will have its effect throughout the United States, and cower the Anarchists

Hereafter on second class mail matter only the sender's address will be allowed and no advertising will be allowed on the wrappers. Third class matter must contain no personal communications, and advertisments will not be allowed on fourth class matter.

Francis Amero, agent for the Columbian Government on the Isthmus of Panama, reports that it will take $508,299,000 to complete the canal, and says it is absolutely certain that it will be very difficult to raise the money.

Twelve miles from Cincinnatti, near Cheviot, gas has been struck at the depth of 325 feet. The flow is at the rate of 5,000,000 cubic feet per day, with a pressure of several hundred pounds to the square inch. The gas will be piped to Cincinnati.

Schwab and Fielden, the Anarchists were safely lodged in the Illinois State Prison on Saturday, and, after remaining in solitary confinement until Monday, were set to work, the former in the kitchen, and the latter in the stone department.

At San Jose, on Tuesday, while charging a jury, Judge D. Belden, of the Superior Court, was taken with an apoplectic stroke. He was unconscious for an hour, but subsequently resumed his seat on the bench.

Branden Mozely, General Manager of the Pacific Mail Steamship Co., and formely Manager of the Panama Railroad, died at San Francisco, on Monday of cancer of the tongue.

The jury fixer Creighton has gone to Panama. The S. F. Chronicle could not miss an item, and therefore mentioned that Governor Torris intended to hand him over to justice. Creighton saw it and escaped.

The San Francisco whaling fleet have with one exception, arrived from the Arctic. The 40 vessels secured 33,000 barrels of oil and 550,000 pounds of bone, valued at $1,900,000.

Ex-Supervisor John C. Abbott, of San Francisco, died Sunday from injuries received by a runaway team colliding with his buggy.

George Francis Train has gone to St. John, N. B. to reside. He is done with the United States. The hanging of the Anarchists did it.

The packing house of the Hancock Chemical Works, at Hancock, Mich., was blown up on Wednesday and six men killed.

It is reported that when Congress meets the Republican office holders in California will be turned out.

The New York police are hunting for Anarchist Most. He has talked too much. He should be hanged to a lamp post.

The celebrated Kentucky race horse Director has arrived at Pleasanton. Monroe Salisbury paid $30,000 for him.

During the fiscal year ending June 30, 19,891 persons arrived by sea at San Francisco, of which 11,049 were Chinese.

Surveyor-General Hamilton, of the Marine Service, recommends the establishment of a quarantine in San Francisco bay.

Land Commissioner Sparks has written to Cleveland, defending his course and resigning his office.

The Redwood Lumber Associations of San Francisco has again advanced the price of lumber. It is a great monopoly.

F. S. Chapman, ex-Clerk and Auditor of Modoc county, has been arrested for embezzlement. He is short $600

George Clark arrived at Los Angeles from the East, took a room at the Pico House, blew out the gas, and died.

The Encinel, a new ferry boat for the South Pacific Railroad, was launched at San Francisco on Tuesday.

It is expected that the run from San Francisco to Omaha will be further shortened five hours.

On Sunday last, at Fresno, George Leighton suicided.

The S. F. Examiner won the libel suit against it at Fairfield.

The Hotel del Monte will be opened on Thanksgiving Day.

During the war Robert St. Clair, of Mifflin, Penn., took Thomas H. Hinton, a wounded Union soldier, at great risk, within the Union lines. Hinton died lately at Marblehead, Mass., and left his whole estate, valued at $18,000 to St. Clair.

Dr. T. H. Helmbold, the once famous patent medicine king, was picked up in the street, in New York, helplessly drunk, and taken to Bellevue Hospital.

Messenger John H. Webber, of the Northern Pacific Company, has skipped with a large amount of money expressed to Western points.

A prominent member of the American party in New York says that the late Anarchist agitation has given his organization a great boom.

An old miner named Fleck, at Chico, pulled his gun from the wagon and the hammer caught in a knot-hole, discharging the gun and killing Fleck instantly.

Anarchist Most has been arrested in New York for trying to incite a riot. He will certainly go to prison again.

Candidates are numerous in Washington for Land Commissioner, vice Sparks, resigned.

The next House of Representatives will consist of 168 Democrats, 153 Republicans and 4 Independents.

Rev. Charles Berry, of England, will take the place of Henry Ward Beecher, at a salary of $10,000.

The Sacramento Board of Supervisors has passed an ordinance to encourage tree planting along the highways.

Sixty carloads of pears were shipped East from 120 acres of the Oakshade orchard, Yolo county, this season.

The steamer Wahyeung has been destroyed by fire in Canton river. About 400 passengers are supposed to have been lost.

The Chinese intend to purchase or build three large steamers to run an opposition between San Francisco and Hong Kong.

Wesley Jones, a logger at Lumpkin mills, near Oroville, was killed on Tuesday by a log rolling over him.

John H. Hogan, a prominent farmer, near Dufur, Or., suicided on Monday. He first attempted to murder his wife.

The Governor has appointed J B Luttrell State Prison Director, vice Wilkins, resigned.

Ariottie Giovanni, a Swiss, was killed near Napa, on Tuesday, by a tree falling on him.

On the 11th instant, at Cerro Gordo, Inyo county, C. J. Heavey was caved on at his mine and killed, aged 66 years.

Judge Alfred Cowles died at San Diego, Wednesday, aged 100 years, 3 months and 14 days.

London is to have 20,000 special constables to check further riots.

The United States Army comprises 2,200 officers and 24,236 men.

James E. Herrick, a mining man, suicided at Salt Lake on Tuesday.

On Wednesday a train load of raisins was shipped East from Fresno.

Don M. Dickinson has been appointed Postmaster General.

The Central Bank of Oanada has failed. It was a big concern.

A. S. Hatch, the prominent stock broker, of New York, has failed.

Thomas McKann and Elijah B. Clark, Pioneers, died at Yreka on Monday.

Last winter, when John Hassheider dug his sweet potatoes out in the west part of town, he just rolled the vines off the hill and left them to die. But they didn't. They just took root and went to growing again, as they will here if the rain falls on them. They looked so well that he concluded to see what they would do. A short time since he went out with his shovel to prospect the hills and found the finest lot of large handsome potatoes he ever raised before. Many of them weighed from five to ten pounds. John thinks he has discovered the secret of making a living hereafter without hard work.—Santa Ana Standard.

RELIGIOUS.—Rev. James Leak will hold services at the school house, to morrow at 11 o'clock. All are invited to attend.

The Western Settler's Chosen Specific.

With every advance of emigration into the far West, a new demand is created for Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Newly peopled regions are frequently less salubrious than older settled localities on account of the miasma which rises from recently cleared land, particularly along the banks of rivers that are subject to freshets. The agriculturist or mining emigrant soon learns, when he does not already know, that the Bitters afford the only sure protection against malaria, and the endless disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels, to which climate changes, exposure, and unaccustomed or unhealthy water or diet subject him. Consequently, he places an estimate upon this great household specific and preventative commensurate with its intrinsic merits, and is careful to keep on hand a restorative and promoter of health so implicit as to be relied upon in time of need.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo. P. Rowell & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce St.), where advertising may be made for it IN NEW YORK.

NEW TO-DAY.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. SOLD ONLY IN CANS. ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall st. N. Y.

W. T. COLEMAN & CO., Agents, San Francisco.

LEGAL.

SUMMONS.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE COUNTY of Mono, State of California.

THE COUNTY OF MONO, Plaintiff, vs. JOHN DOE NO. 1, JOHN DOE and RICHARD ROE, whose true names are to Plaintiff unknown, and who are therefore sued by the fictitious names last aforesaid, THE MONO LAKE HYDRAULIC MINING COMPANY, a Corporation, WM. NOTT, J. C. WIMIN, JOHN BLISS, K. N. GRAVES, A. PACKARD, THOMAS HOLT and D. E. JONES, Defendants.

Action brought in the Superior Court of the County of Mono, State of California, and the Complaint filed in the office of the Clerk of said County.

W. H. VIRDEN, Plaintiff's Attorney.

The People of the State of California send Greeting to John Doe No. 1, John Doe, Richard Roe, whose true names are to Plaintiff unknown and who are therefore sued by the fictitious names last aforesaid, and the Mono Lake Hydraulic Mining Company, a Corporation, Wm. Nott, J. C. Wimin, John Bliss, K. N. Graves, A. Packard, Thomas Holt and D. E. Jones, Defendants.

You are hereby required to appear in an action brought against you by the above named Plaintiff, in the Superior Court of the said county of Mono, State of California, and to answer the Complaint filed therein, within ten days, (exclusive of the day of service), after the service on you of this summons—if served within this county; or, if served elsewhere, within thirty days.

The said action is brought to recover of you said defendants the sum of One Hundred and Seventy-eight 50-100 Dollars, County and State taxes together with five per cent. penalty added thereto for the non-payment thereof and interest thereon at the rate of two per cent. per month from the 25th day of December, 1886, and One dollar cost of advertising, which said sum, penalties, and interest is claimed by plaintiff to be due and owing from you said defendants to plaintiff for State and county taxes duly levied and assessed for the fiscal year 1886, in said Mono county, State of California, to Unknown Owners upon real estate and personal property, known as the Mono Lake Hydraulic Mining Companies lands and improvements but in which plaintiff alleges, that each of you have and claim a right, title, interest, and ownership, and that each of you said defendants are in duty bound to pay said taxes to plaintiff. And plaintiff further prays that the amount of said judgment may be declared a lien against the said property and that the plaintiff have decree of this Court and order of sale of said property so much thereof as may be sufficient to satisfy said judgment and the costs of this suit, all of which is more fully set forth in the complaint now on file herein a copy of which is served herewith, and made a part of this summons and to which you are hereby refered for further and fuller particulars.

And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the said complaint, as above required, the said Plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Given under my hand and the Seal of the Superior Court, of the County of Mono, State of California, this 15th day of August in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven.

L. S. O. H. KISTER, Clerk.

Indorsed: No. 758. Superior Court, County of Mono.

The County of Mono, Plaintiff, v. John Doe No. 1, John Doe, Richard Roe, Mono Lake Hydraulic Mining Company, Wm. Nott, J. C. Wimin, John Bliss, K. N. Graves, A. Packard, Thomas Holt & D. E. Jones, and Real estate described in the complaint, Defendants.

Summons.

Filed August 23d, 1887.

O. H. Kister, Clerk.

W. H. VIRDEN, Plaintiff's Attorney and District Attorney of Mono county, Cal. o22-2m

MINING NOTICES.

DELINQUENT NOTICE.

VIRGINIA CREEK HYDRAULIC MINING Company.

Location of principal place of business, San Francisco, California

Location of works, Bodie, Mono county, California.

NOTICE—There are delinquent upon the following described stock, on account of assessment (No. 4) levied on the 27th day of September, 1887, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholders, as follows:

Names.	No. Cert.	No. Sha.	Am't
R N Graves	5	100	$50 00
K N Graves	65	100	5 00
K N Graves	67	100	5 00
K N Graves	69	100	5 00
K N Graves	70	100	5 00
K N Graves	72	100	5 00
K N Graves	123	200	10 00
K N Graves	125	50	2 50
K N Graves	127	1000	50 00
H F Hasting	13	500	25 00
E L Tennenlei	21	500	25 00
A Packard	37	100	5 00
A Packard	38	5000	250 00
A Packard	39	2400	120 00
A Packard	41	300	15 00
A Packard	48	2000	100 00
D E Jones	44	5000	250 00
D E Jones	45	500	25 00
D E Jones	53	100	5 00
D E Jones	54	100	5 00
D E Jones	57	100	5 00
D E Jones	59	100	5 00
D E Jones	77	5000	250 00
D E Jones	78	5000	250 00
D E Jones	81	1000	50 00
D E Jones	82	500	25 00
D E Jones	100	50	2 50
D E Jones	106	1000	50 00
D E Jones	112	300	15 00
D E Jones	118	50	2 50
D E Jenkins	96	100	5 00
D E Jenkins	97	100	5 00
S B Wakefield, Trustee	116	450	22 50
Levi Lutton	120	1000	50 00
J M Quay	114	100	5 00
R M Hamilton	157	1,00	75 00

And in accordance with law, and an order of the Board of Trustees, made on the 27th day of September, 1887, so many shares of each parcel of said stock as may be necessary, will be sold at public auction, at the office of S. F. Middleton, No. 22 Montgomery street, San Francisco, Cal., on WEDNESDAY, the 4th day of November, 1887, at the hour of 12 o'clock M. of said day, to pay said delinquent assessment thereon, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

J. M. QUAY, Secretary.

OFFICE.—406 Montgomery street, San Francisco, Cal. n5-td

HOTELS.

HOT SPRINGS' HOTEL,

SAMUEL FALES ..... Proprietor

JUNCTION OF THE ANTELOPE AND SONORA WAGON ROADS,

(65 miles from Sonora and 80 from Bodie), MONO COUNTY, CAL.

This well-known and popular Summer Resort is pleasantly situated on the eastern slope of the Sierra Nevada Mountains amid wild and picturesque scenery, which offe. superior inducements for tourists. The best of accommodations for families, the rooms being large and airy. For invalids the

STEAM, MUD AND SWIMMING BATHS

The best of Wines, Liquors and Cigars at the Bar.

Good Fishing in Walker River.
Commodious Stabling. my22-tf

BARNETT'S HOTEL,

COLEVILLE, MONO COUNTY, CAL.

Antelope Wagon Road, 50 miles from Carson City and 51 from Bodie).

D. M. BARNETT..... Proprietor

The hotel is new, commodious, and pleasantly situated supplied

The table is supplied with the best the market affords.

The BAR is supplied with the best of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

Stabling and Blacksmith shop connected with the house. je5-tf

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL,

Main street,

BODIE..... CAL.

N. W. BOYD,..... Proprietor

THE ABOVE HOTEL WILL BE conducted as first class in all its Departments.

The Table Cannot Be Excelled.

THE ROOMS ARE FIRST-CLASS. Being Heated and Kept Scrupulously Clean.

Very Best Attention, as well as the Best Accomodations

BODIE HOUSE,

Corner of Main, Green and Mills Strs

Bodie, Cal.

O. H. HILL..... Proprietor.

THIS POPULAR HOTEL, UNDER the above management offers unsurpassed advantages to the

TRAVELING PUBLIC,

As well as to regular and permanent boarders

☞ The choicest

Wines, Liquors and Cigars

found at the bar.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.

TAX COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, Bridgeport Mono County, Cal.

THE ASSESSMENT BOOK FOR THE year 1887, has this day been placed in my hands, and notice is given that I will be in the places herein mentioned, at the time specified or the purpose of receiving payment of the same:

Antelope—At James Todkill's store, December 2d and 3d.

Clinton—At John H Sheehan's store, December 5th.

Lundy and Mono Lake—At Judge Mattly's Court Room, December 9th.

Benton—At Wm. Shimmin's store, December 12th and 15th.

Bodie—At Occidental Hotel, December 20th, 21st and 22d.

Bridgeport—At office of the Tax Collector at any time.

And notice is hereby further given that Taxes will be Delinquent on the last Monday in December, 1887, at 6 o clock, P. M., and unless paid prior the eto, five per cent. will be added to the amount thereof

WAT. MORGAN, Tax Collector.

Dated October 24, 1887. o29 td

$300 REWARD.

The following Preamble and Resolution were then offered and passed by a unanimous vote.

WHEREAS—On or about the 25th day of July A. D. 1887, in the County of Mono, State of California, Jean Pratt was murdered by some person or persons unknown:

NOW, THEREFORE—We, the Board of Supervisors of the said County of Mono, by virtue of the authority in us vested by the Constitution and Laws of the State of California, do hereby offer a reward of Three Hundred Dollars for the arrest and conviction of said unknown person or persons.

Attest. O. H. KISTER,
o22 Clerk of the Board of Supervisors.

MISCELLANEOUS.

POSTOFFICE STORE,

BRIDGEPORT, MONO COUNTY, CAL.,

HAS IN STOCK

Choice Family Groceries,

DRY GOODS

FANCY GOODS,

CLOTHING,

BOOTS, SHOES and HATS,

Wines and Liquors,

PAINTS, OILS, LAMPS, CHIMNEYS and WICK

Hardware,

Stationery, Confectionary,

Powder and Shot.

A. F. BRYANT.

JOE A. BROWN,

General Merchandise,

Main Street, Bridgeport.

Choice Family Groceries,

Fancy and Toilet Articles

Candies and Nuts

Yankee Notions,

Powder, Shot, Caps and Cartridges,

Stationery, etc., etc.

S. L. MUNSON.

Manufacturer of Acorn Brand Shirts, Collars, Cuffs Shirt Fronts, Ladies' Collars and Lace Neckwear,

ALBANY, N. Y.

The latest shirt issued under the "Acorn" Brand is "THE WONDER," and it is also the best shirt ever made for the Trade.

The following are some of its principal points of excellence, a printed list of which is attached to each shirt:

1st—It has the finest and heaviest muslin ever put in a shirt, (Utica Nonpariel improved).

2—It has a 3-ply linen bosom.

3—It is of extra length.

4—It is reinforced, both back and front, extending and meeting under the arm where most needed.

5—It has the Tomlinson patent endless facing.

6—It is custom make and finish.

7—It cannot break or tear anywhere.

Like the Deacon's "one-hoss shay," it has no weak spot, and will never "give" anywhere, but, at the end of scores of years, it will dissolve into space—not a thread broken or a seam started.

Fathers will bequeath these shirts, purchased in early manhood, a rich legacy to their children.

We expect a large demand for them to place in the corner stones of linen structures as evidence of the greatest triumph of modern civilization.

We are taking steps to put this crowning achievement of art into the "Acorn" agencies in London, Paris, Berlin, St. Petersburg and Constantinople, when it can not fail of instant and permanent success.

YATES & HUNTER, Agents,
537 Market Street,
SAN FRANCISCO.

EASTWALKER RIVER TOLL ROAD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE rates of tolls on the

EAST WALKER RIVER WAGON ROAD

are as follows:

Buggy team	$1 50
Loaded wagon and two animals	1 00
Each additional pair of animals	50
Horseman	25
Pack animals, each	25
Hogs and sheep, each	5
Loose stock, each	5
Empty teams, half-price.	

No deadheads will be permitted to pass on the road.

All tolls will be required to be paid at the time of passing the toll gates, as no credit is given.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE CHRONICLE-UNION.

BIG MEADOWS AND BODIE TOLL ROAD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE rates of tolls on the

BIG MEADOWS AND BODIE WAGON ROAD

are as follows:

Buggy team	$1 50
Loaded wagon and two animals	1 00
Each additional pair of animals	50
Horseman	25
Pack Animals, each	25
Hogs and sheep, each	5
Loose stock, each	5
Empty teams half-price.	

TYPE METAL

For Sale at

This Office

CHRONICLE-UNION.

BRIDGEPORT, NOVEMBER 19, 1887.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

THE GRAND JURY REPORT.

To Hon. O. F. Hakes, Judge of the Superior Court of Mono county, State of California:

We, the Grand Jury of Mono county, impanneled for the November term of the Superior Court, in and for said county, A. D., 1887, respectfully submit this our final report.

On the organization of the Grand Jury, and the appointing of the several committees, we notified the Hon. W. H. Virden, District Attorney of said county, that we were ready to receive any communication might have to make. On appearing before our body, he gave us such information as far as known to him.

As no other persons appeared before us, we proceeded to examine the various county offices.

We are pleased to state that the financial condition of the county is good, and that there has been, as there should be, a disposition to curtail expenses in all branches of the county government.

N. B. Hunnewell, Day, Connell, Sherwin, Taylor and Witherill, the committee appointed on Supervisors' business, report as follows:

We have been afforded free access to the record books and vouchers pertaining to the board, also furnished with all information called for by the clerk of the board. We find there has been carelessness in allowing many bills not itemized as the law requires, thereby we cannot ascertain as to their correctness. Also many that were not attested as the law requires, manifesting a want of care on the part of the board.

We find that the board authorized the Senator from this senatorial district and the Assemblyman from this assembly district to employ a lawyer to draft a bill to be presented to the Legislature at an expense not to exceed one hundred dollars, which was paid out of the county funds. This we regard as wholly unwarranted and unnecessary.

We also find that the salary fixed by the Board of Supervisors for a physician for the indigent sick of the county was greatly in excess of the limited duties to be performed, and was offered to be attended to by a competent physician for nearly one-half the amount.

In a general way the business of the county appears to have been conducted with due regard to the interests of the tax payers.

Brown, Peeler and Connell, the committee appointed to examine the Sheriff's office, are pleased to report as follows:

Books all in good order, work done up to date. Sheriff is entitled to credit for doing work from Justice's Court, that has saved the county several dollars.

N. B. Hunnewell, Walters and Boardman, the committee appointed to examine the Tax Collector's books, report as follows:

We find that there has been collected for licenses from Jan. 1st to Nov. 7th, 1887, the sum of $4,211 50, for which he has vouchers from the proper officers.

We find that from Feb. up to Nov. 7th the Tax Collector's fees amounted to $337.

We find that he has collected up to date the sum of $269 04, which money he has on hand.

We also find that his books and accounts are kept in the proper order.

Elliott, Moyle and Taylor, your committee on the County Clerk's office, would report as follows:

We have examined the books in his office carefully, and find the records of the various courts written up and signed by the Judge and attested by the Clerk, and would commend the reading of the minutes in open Court as now done.

The Supervisors' Record is also found to contain the minutes of the board all written up in a neat and legible form.

We find that the amount collected by O H. Kister, County Clerk, since assuming the duties of his office, to be $373 15, which has all been paid into the County Treasury by him.

All his work appears to your committee to be neatly and carefully done.

Day, Seiler and Esh, the committee appointed to examine the books of the County Auditor and County Treasurer, for the past year, have found the accounts of said officials to be correct and agreeing together.

On the 10th day of November, 1887, the Treasury was charged with $16,464 77, which amount we found therein by actual count, represented by coin, coupons, balance with Wells, Fargo & Co., prepaid insurance on Court House, state, school and swamp land warrants, etc., and apportioned to the various funds as follows:

* * * *

It may not be out of the way for us to state that both officers deserve credit for the neat and business-like manner in which their books are kept.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

F. E. Hunnewell, Witherell and Seiler, the committee appointed to examine the County Recorder's books, find they are properly written up, and kept in a neat and business-like manner.

On examination of the fee book we find that the Recorder has collected in fees since Nov. 1st, 1886, $569 55, which has been paid by him into the County Treasury.

F. E. Hunnewell, Walters and Connell, the committee on the offices of School Superintendent and County Surveyor, find that in the office of the School Superintendent the business was properly and correctly done. Nothing has been done in the County Surveyor's office.

Stewart, Dick and Hawthorne, the committee appointed to examine the books and accounts of the Assessor's office, report as follows:

We have also examined the Real Estate Book, and find it has been neatly and correctly kept.

Sherwin, Esh and Peeler, the committee to whom was referred the examination of the books and accounts of the District Attorney, find them correct and commendable.

Elliott, Brown and F. E. Hunnewell, your committee on official bonds, respectfully submit the following report:

We find that the Tax Collector is required to give a bond of $15,000 and double the amount. Our present Collector has given bonds in excess of that amount; but we find that some parties are on the bond for greater amounts than they are assessed for, hence we recommend that he give supplemental bonds in the sum of $5,000.

We also find that the bonds of Supervisors Hector and Boone are each $1,000 deficient: we would recommend that they make up this shortage.

We find that J. A. Creaser gave a bond of $1,000 only, while the law required $2,000 and double the amount. We make no recommendation in this case as the Court has already notified Mr. Creaser to give an entirely new bond for the full amount.

Furthermore we find that the bond of A Masonville has but one surety, while the law requires two or more. We believe that a new bond with the proper sureties should be given.

The bonds of the other county officers examined are considered sufficient.

Elliott, Brown and F. E. Hunnewell, your committee to whom was assigned the duty of examining into the business of the Coroner and Public Administrator, report as follows:

We find that nothing has been done in the office of Coroner since report of last Grand Jury, the duties pertaining to that office being performed by Justice of the Peace.

In the office of Public Administrator, in the absence of B. T. Brown, the incumbent, we called upon Wm. O Parker Esq., his attorney, who informed us that there had been but one estate in the past year, that of Edward Gahan, deceased, in which there was any property.

This case we found well advanced toward settlement, by examining the accounts and vouchers on file with the Clerk of the Court, and waiting the approval of the Judge.

On examination of the law we found that the Public Administrator is required to keep a book in which he shall enter in an itemized form all the business done by him in any and all estates, to the end that a full and complete record be made and kept of all business done in the office.

This the Administrator has not done, and we request of him to do, that the law may be complied with.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

Stewart and Hawthorne, the committee appointed to inquire into the condition of the County Hospital and Bodie Jail, have to report:

We find that the County Hospital is conducted satisfactory. We also find that there are several indigent persons kept by the county outside of the Hospital, but from what we can learn they cost the county less than those kept in the Hospital, therefore we recommend no change.

We also find that there are no prisoners detained in the Bodie Branch Jail, and from the best of our knowledge and belief it is conducted satisfactorily, and to the best interest of the taxpayers.

Dick, Peeler and Moyle, the committee appointed to examine into the affairs of the township officers, report as follows:

That in our necessarially limited examination of the affairs of township officers we have nothing special to report, except that Justices of the Peace, while acting as committing magistrates, in most cases have not proceeded according to Sections 811, 812 and 813 of the Penal Code, which sections impose a duty upon the magistrate in the first instance, and must be observed to the end. The rights of the citizens should not be endangered by hearsay evidence, and that unnecessary cost should not be taxed against the county by magistrates issuing warrants on public rumor or hearsay evidence.

The Grand Jury in a body having visited the County Jail find every comfort connected with it that should be in an institution of this character, and, if any thing, more than is deserving by the class of occupants that usually find an abode therein. We find the inmates safely guarded. We found one prisoner, C. W. Mellville, confined on a charge of Grand Larceney One Andrew McGinty on a charge of murder; and one, a Chinaman Chas. Look, serving out a term of 175 days for selling liquor to the Indians.

A communication from the late Grand Jury of Placer county received. It is ordered placed on file, and handed to the next Grand Jury of Mono county.

It has been brought to the knowledge of this Grand Jury that many persons of this county are making a livelihood by selling liquor to Indians. We recommend that the officers of the law be more vigilant in discovering those guilty, and in bringing them to justice.

We recommend to the District Attorney to advise the immediate dismissal of any case in which in his judgment there is insufficient evidence or an improbability to convict.

It is the opinion of this Grand Jury that the Board of Supervisors, in ordering the Auditor to draw a warrant for $150 in favor A. Maestretti in advance of services performed, exceeded their authority, and that the necessary steps should be taken to return said amount to the County Treasury.

All of which we respectfully submit.

A. F. Bryant, Foreman.

The Jury reported on Saturday evening last at 9 o'clock, and were discharged.

Personal.

Mrs. Clay Hampton returned from the other side of the mountains on Monday.

Thomas J. Hill and family left for Sonora on Sunday.

E. H. Davison came from Bodie on Tuesday and returned on Wednesday.

Miss Blanche Walker, of Bodie, was here this week.

Deputy Sheriff A. Bertrandias, of Merced county, arrived here on Thursday morning, and left the same evening for home., taking Mellvilie with him.

BODIE MINES.

BODIE—JOHN KELLY, Superintendent.

Report for week ending November 13.

During the past week the Lent shaft was sunk and timbered 10 feet.

BULWER CON.—JOHN KELLY, Superintendent.

Report for week ending November 13.

During the week the north drift, 100 foot level, was driven 7 feet.

We are cleaning out the east crosscut on the 200 foot level.

The east drift, 1000 foot level, was extended 25 feet.

MONO—JOHN KELLY, Superintendent.

Report for week ending November 13.

The Lent shaft was sunk and timbered 10 feet during the week.

DUDLEY—JOHN KELLY, Superintendent.

Report for week ending November 13.

During the past week the south drift, 1000 foot level, Lent shaft, was extended 10 feet.

STANDARD CON.—A. PEFFIBONE, Supt.

Report for week ending November 12.

300 level, south drift, advanced 17 feet; upraise advanced 12 feet.

400 level—West drift advanced 18 feet; west drift south advanced 10 feet.

Mine looking well, and mill running steadily.

Drifts and stopes looking well.

Ore sent to mill, 303 tons.

RE-ARRESTED.—Upon the discharge of Mellville, he was immediately arrested by Deputy Sheriff Bertrandias, of Merced county, to answer a charge of horse stealing. This is the innocent young man who could not be convicted in Mono county for horse stealing, although he was caught with 22 stolen horses in his possession. His flimsy plea that one "Jones" hired him to drive them to Sonora—to travel nights and run the toll gates, was all powerful with a Mono jury. We hope he will get his just deserts and go to State Prison.

DISCHARGED.—On Thursday afternoon, Mellville, tried for horse stealing, was discharged from custody, on motion of District Attorney Virden that the case be dismissed, as it was evident a conviction could not be had in this county.

MORE GOODS.—Russell arrived on Monday from Carson with goods for our merchants.

TO LEAVE.—On Monday next C. B. Anton and family depart for Modesto, where they expect to make their home.

THE REPORT.—The Grand Jury Report is one of the best ever made in this county. It is short and to the point.

WINTER QUARTERS.—The Duncan herd of cattle, which has grazed on the Sinamon ranch this season, yesterday left for Mason Valley, its Winter quarters.

MINING NOTICES.

DELINQUENT NOTICE.

MONO GOLD MINING COMPANY.

Location of Works, Bodie Mining District, Bodie, Mono County, California.

Location of principal place of business, San Francisco, California.

NOTICE—There are delinquent upon the following described stock, on account of assessment (No. 24), levied on the 10th day of September, 1887, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholders, as follows:

Names.	No. Cert.	No. Shrs.	Am't.
Averill H C, Trustee	7862	50	25 00
Bayley G B, Trustee	8372	50	25 00
Bayley G F, Trustee	4167	100	50 00
Bayley G F, Trustee	4168	100	50 00
Board W A, Trustee	7589	100	50 00
Bond W A, Trustee	17 0	100	50 00
Edwards Wister	7768	76	38 00
Grant Geo, Trustee	74 2	20	10 00
Grant Geo, Trustee	7655	100	50 00
Grant Geo, Trustee	7714	100	50 00
Grant Geo, Trustee	7725	100	50 00
Grant Geo, Trustee	7747	100	50 00
Grant E R	7769	76	38 00
Godman & Co, Trustee	7754	100	50 00
Hoper F B, Trustee	7451	30	15 00
Jennings W A	7770	76	38 00
Jones H G, Trustee	7750	50	25 00
King W H, Trustee	714	50	25 00
King W H, Trustee	7562	200	100 00
Marshall Louis, Trustee	7567	50	25 00
Noble & H & C, Trustees	7815	100	50 00
Parsons H B, Trustee	6924	100	50 00
Parsons H B, Trustee	6 40	100	50 00
Parsons H B, Trustee	7155	100	50 00
Parsons H B, Trustee	717	100	50 00
Parsons H B, Trustee	7415	100	50 00
Seaflet & C, Trustees,	7830	100	50 00
Richardson, Hill & Co	7771	76	38 00
Stein N H, Trustee	7459	100	50 00
Stassmann & Dixon, Trustees	7752	100	50 00
Stassmann & Dixon, Trustees	7803	50	25 00
Sessions Geo W, Trustee	6249	25	12 50
Sessions Geo W, Trustee	6 42	50	25 00
Sessions Geo W, Trustee	7 53	50	25 00
Sessions Geo W, Trustee	7199	50	25 00
Sessions Geo W, Trustee	712	50	25 00
Sessions Geo W, Trustee	73 5	50	25 00
Sessions Geo W, Trustee	7777	1	50
Willard W P, Trustee	1384	50	25 00
Willard W P, Trustee	6436	100	50 00
Willard W P, Trustee	6802	50	25 00
Willard W P, Trustee	6812	50	25 00
Willard W P, Trustee	6814	50	25 00
Willard W P, Trustee	6869	100	50 00
Willard W P, Trustee	7304	50	25 00
Willard W P, Trustee	7381	50	25 00
Willard W P, Trustee	7387	50	25 00
Willard W P, Trustee	7823	100	50 00
Zadig, Wollberg & Co, Trs	7333	50	25 00
Zadig, Wollberg & Co, Trs	7418	100	50 00
Zadig, Wollberg & Co, Trs	7420	100	50 00
Zadig, Wollberg & Co, Trs	7422	100	50 00
Zadig, Wollberg & Co, Trs	7487	50	25 00
Zadig, Wollberg & Co, Trs	7613	100	50 00
NEW YORK STOCK.			
Grant E R	22	100	50 00
Jennings W A	70	100	50 00

And in accordance with law, and an order of the Board of Directors, made on the 15th day of September, 1887, so many shares of each parcel of stock as may be necessary, will be sold at public auction, at the Auction house of Middleton & Sharon, No. 22 Montgomery street, San Francisco, California, on

MONDAY, the TWENTY-FIRST DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1887,

at the hour of One o'clock P. M., of said day, to pay said Delinquent Assessment thereon together with costs of advertising and expenses of the sale.

GEO. W. SESSIONS, Secretary.

OFFICE—Room No. 62, Nevada Block, No. 309 Montgomery street, San Francisco, Cal. 0s8-t1

GREEN-MILLER WEDDING.

On Monday evening last Charles E. Green and Ida E. Miller were married by Justice Cordes at Lundy. The following were present: H. Wolenberg and wife, M. F. Hawthorn and wife, J. O. Kirkpatrick and wife, J. F. Murray and wife, R. T. Pierce and wife, J. F. McLaughlin and wife, S. B. Burkham and wife, T. L. White and wife, Mrs. R. G. Montrose, Mrs. W. O. Lundy, Misses Jessie Montrose, Lulu Montrose, Mable Montrose, L. M. Hampton, Ellan Kirkpatrick; Mattie Pierce, Sadie Hawthorn, Clara Hawthorn, Orin Miller, A. A. Travis, D. E. Jones, Judge Cordes, Judge Matley, W. P. Onkst, J. T. Hays, P. Reagen, A. L. Butterfield, Mat. Godwin, W. M. F. McKenzie, Steve Kavenaugh, Wm. Robson, L. S. Arniot, Thomas Sly, Fred Schwartz, John Becker, Paul Rouze and A. Maestretti.

RETAINED.—Our townsman, R. S. Miner, has been engaged as special counsel to have charge of all cases that may arise under the Sheep License Ordinance, the Liquor License Ordinance, or other ordinances passed by the Board of Supervisors of Inyo county.

ACCIDENT.—On Saturday last, at Bodie, William Corbett was caved on in a tunnel near the Lent shaft, and severely injured, his left leg being broken, and his back lamed. He was taken to San Francisco for treatment.

MATRIMONIAL.—On Thanksgiving Day, at Lundy, William P. Onkst, of Bennettville, and Miss Jessie, daughter of R. G. Montrose, of Lundy, will be united in marriage.

THANKSGIVING DINNERS.—The Allen and Leavitt Houses will give New England Thanksgiving dinners on Thursday next, and they will be enjoyable feasts—Allen House 4 o'clock; Leavitt House 5 o'clock.

A SOCIAL.—On Tuesday evening a pleasant social party took place at Sam. Fales' Warm Springs. Dancing was continued until 4 o'clock.

FRESH OYSTERS.—Bryant has in stor fresh oysters, and will keep a stock always on hand. Try them!

Hays Bros. this week received a fine assortment of goods.

BIRTHS.

KINNEY—In Bridgeport, November 19th, to the wife of George Kinney, a daughter.

HUNEWILL—In Bridgeport Township, Nov. 7th, to the wife of Frank E. Hunewill, a son.

MARRIAGES

GREEN—MILLER—In Lundy, November 14, by August Cordes, J. P., Charles E. Green to Ida Miller, both of that place.

DEATHS

LOWRY—In Bodie, November 7th, James D., son of N. Lowry, aged 19 years.

FORD—In Ione City, November 11th, Almira, wife of Rev. R. H. Ford, and mother of Mrs Judge Arnot, of Alpine county, a native of Maine, aged 76 years, 2 months and 11 days.

WINNEY—In Athens, N. Y., October 2 th, Alice Folger, relict of Jeremiah H. Winney, a native of that town, aged 83 years and 7 months.

Some of the best dressed gentlemen of Mono county are indebted to Silas B Smith, of Bodie, for their stylish appearance. He has the agency for some of the finest tailoring establishments in the East. His samples for the Fall and Winter are unsurpassed. He displays over 2,000 different patterns of cloth. His experience with the tape line for many years insures a good fit every time. When in Bodie call on him and inspect the goods.

PLATED GOODS.—The latest patterns of PLATED WARE, SPOONS, KNIVES and FORKS, etc. are at Charles H. Kelly's Store, Bodie, and offered at prices suitable for hard times.

CARPETS.—Charles H. Kelly, of Bodie, has received a new stock of TAPESTRY-BRUSSELS, THREE-PLY, and IN GRAIN CARPETS, which can be bought at hard times prices.

OIL CLOTHS—TABLE, SHELF and FLOOR OIL CLOTHS—latest styles, for sale at hard times prices at Charles H. Kelly's, Bodie.

WALLPAPER.—WALLPAPER in new and pretty designs just received at Charles H. Kelly's, Bodie, which is offered at hard times prices.

AGATE WARE.—At Charles H. Kelly's, in Bodie, can be found the Celebrated AGATE IRON WARE, in many designs, and for all uses, at hard times prices.

CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE.—The largest assortment of the best of CROCKERY and GLASSWARE is for sale at hard times prices at Charles H. Kelly's, in Bodie.

CALAMITIES.—Among the goods at Chas. H. Kelly's, in Bodie, are 1,013 Calamities of all sizes, colors, and previous condition, at hard times prices.

GET A PRIZE.—The purchaser of a can of Silver Star Baking Powder at Joe Brown's gets a nice present. Presents on exhibition.

GROCERIES.—David Hays & Bro. have this week received a large stock of fresh groceries and canned goods of every description.

New Dress Goods at D. Hays & Bro.

Perforated veneer chair bottoms at D. Hays & Bro.

Fresh Groceries just received at Bryant's

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MAIN STREET, BRIDGEPORT,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

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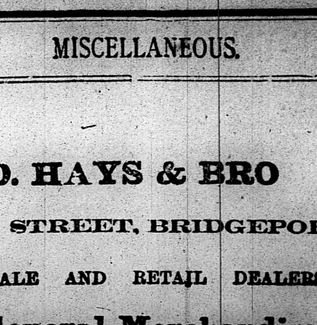

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Now that the season's best opportunity presents itself.

PRICES HAVE WILTED ALREADY

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Dry Goods and Millinery,

Wash Dress Goods and White Goods.

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GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

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OR YOU WILL LIVE TO REGRET IT.

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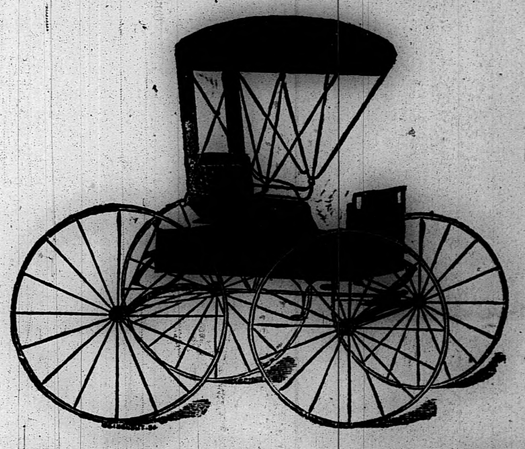

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CHRONICLE-UNION.

NOVEMBER 19, 1887.

THE NEST IN THE GROVE.

"Love took up the harp of life
And smote on all the chords with might."
—*Tennyson.*

I do not know why I should call it a nest, for it is only a little bit of a cottage with a red roof and narrow windows, a modern Queen Anne, and a very modern and wholly anomalous edition at that. But there are two young birds who have gone to live there, and such a billing and cooing as they have kept up, since they came, reminds me of a pair of thrushes that always nest in my orchard, so I call them the "honey birds" and the cottage "the Nest."

The grove is not exactly a grove, but a lawn with a great many elms, and maples and birches scattered over it. In summer time it looks like a perfect wood, and the red roof and the little stained glass windows are almost hidden under a canopy of green.

"My "lovely birds" are married, of course,—married so short a time ago that they have not yet forgotten the fact, as most married folks do. Jack—that is "he"—is a teller in a bank, and Bessie—that is, "she"—never was anything in particular, except a spoiled darling; and now that she is married she is worse spoiled than ever.

I ought not to be watching them, I suppose, but I can't help it. When I sit at my window, in the evening, I cannot help looking right down into the grove, and, of course, I can't help seeing the happy young people, as they walk up and down on the grass under the trees, and, inasmuch as I have no natural closers to my ears, it is impossible that, now and then, I should not hear what the honey birds say. Watching without meaning to, and listening without being able to help it, I have come to certain conclusions about young married love. And they are such as follow:

The bliss of the honeymoon is something altogether different from the bliss of the lover, which precedes it, and from the bliss of settled married life, which follows it. It is a period of revelation. Before it begins—unless the engagement has been a phenomenally long one—neither of the young people knows the other, except in the most superficial sense. It could not be otherwise. But now each has taken the golden key of marriage, and unlocked the other's heart, and is peering in. Everything, *everything* depends upon what is seen just in this little time, when the moral panorama is unfolding. Is it any wonder that the bliss of the honeymoon should be something perilously fascinating? Everybody knows the pleasure of discovery—and here is a voyage into the most beautiful and marvellous region known to man, the region of the soul!

From observing the honey birds I know that they have met with some strange surprises, in their mutual voyage. Jack has said, "Oh!" a great many times with a great many inflections, and sometimes he has been strangely silent. All the time he was learning new things about Bessie. And Bessie on her part has looked up with such surprise, and has looked down with so much of reflection! She has laughed so strangely, and sometimes so wonderfully happily, and then again—shall I say it?—she has cried!

They are learning each other. God grant they may learn nothing amiss. They are feeling the wonderful charm of a wonderful voyage into a wonderful region. God grant neither of the little silken-sailed barques may overset!

Again, I have concluded that young married people must quarrel sometimes—or be forever miserable. Jack and Bessie quarrel,—indeed, they do. Jack doesn't like Bessie's way of dressing her hair, Bessie wants Jack to cut off his whiskers. Neither will yield the point. There are a thousand other little things that set them at swords' points. But I have always noticed that after a quarrel they are as happy as two birds after a shower. I can always tell the smack of Jack's kiss when they are "making up." It is a rapturous sound. There is some motive and purpose to it. 'Tis not a kiss for kissing's sake. And if it must be repeated (as is often the case), to kiss a tear from Bessie's cheek, it is enough to thrill the nerves of the most mummified old heathen that ever frowned on youthful lovers. Tell me there is not grace in lover's quarrels! I tell you there is grace and necessity, too.

I have been impressed with the fact that young married people are not silly as lovers are. The common impression of a honeymoon is that it is a period of unlimited saccharine foolishness, which must disgust an impartial observer. False, false—utterly false! There is something so sacred about this season of mutual revelation that the "ducky" and "pootsey-wootsey" characteristics given it by old bachelor writers, who love to make fun of what they have foolishly thrown away, are wholly irrelevant and are seldom met with in real life. It is holy confidence, it is sweet communion, between man and wife. It is "dearest" instead of "ducky," "my love" instead of "pootsey-wootsey,"—at least, so it is with Jack and Bessie. I do not hear Jack paying silly compliments; I do not hear Bessie acknowledging them with senseless giggling. These are the things of the days long ago. True romance takes the foolishness out of the most foolish heart. One peep into another's soul, and you do not have to play with the eyes for secret meanings.

I do not know as I ought to have said what I have about the proprietors of the Nest in the Grove. I almost hope that the reader, seeing the non-communicative title of this paper, will pass it over, not knowing the breach of confidence it discloses. And I particularly beseech the editor not to send a marked copy to Jack and Bessie, they might, being very much engaged with other things, skip an article that purported to tell only about birds.

Paul Pastnor.

Mild Species of Barn-Fowl.

The other day at the Neuilly Fair in the environs of Paris, a tall Bohemian, emaciated and in rags, went about from table to table before the cafes and restaurants under the trees with a violin under his arm. The majority of the guests preferred to give him a couple of sous to having their conversations interrupted.

At one table, however, he came upon a stout gentleman, who, being fond of music, signed to him to go on and play. The poor fellow did not move. The stout gentleman insisted. At last the beggar took his violin from under his arm and showed his would-be patron it had no strings.

"What do you carry it about with you for if it has no strings?" asked the astonished amateur.

"Monsier," replied the beggar with a philosophical acuteness of definition that would have done credit to an Academician, "it is not an instrument, it is only a threat!"

A PRETTY TOUGH YARN.

The Truthful Mariner of the Lakes Outdone Himself.

"Talking about life-preservers," said the truthful mariner as he knocked the ashes out of his pipe, "you remember the old steamer Roustabout that used to run from Buffalo to Chicago. I was mate on her the year before she was lost. We were about sixty miles out from Chicago when Mike Lanagan, who was doing something up on the mast, fell, struck on his head on the roof of the cabin, and bounced clean out into the lake. Well, the captain he seen him fall and stopped and backed the old Roustabout quicker you could say 'scat.' Mike went down like a plummet, for he was knocked insensible and I know'd there was no use to have a life-preserver for him, so I jes hurried up the boys in getting the boat down, although I didn't expect it 'ud do much good. We had Jim King on board. Passenger from Chicago. You remember Jim King, don't you?"

"Can't say that I do, replied a bystander.

"Well, Jim was champion quoit thrower in them days. He's dead now poor fellow, but Jim was a boss on throwing quoits. I tell you quoits were a great game in them days. Every village had a quoit club, and the boys on the farms used to throw horseshoes. I was somethin' like base-ball in these times, although I never could see as much fun in base-ball as I could see in a good game of quoits."

"O, come off," cried the impatient listener. "What did Jim do, or did he do any thing? Did the man drown?"

"Now, don't be too fly. Who's tellin this yarn?"

"Well, you don't seem to be."

"Go on! Go on!" said the crowd.

"Well, you know, in quoits a 'ringer' was when you put the quoit round the stake. It counted double. Well, Jim he picks up the round life-preserver—it's like a great big quoit, you know—and as the Cap'n came running aft, Jim he sings out, Cap'n, I'll bet you $5 I'll make a ringer on that man if he comes up within the length of this line."

"'Bet you $20 you can't" said the Cap'n.

"'Take you,' said Jim, and just at the moment up bobs Mike's head about sixty feet astern. Jim threw, and I'll be darned if that life-preserver didn't go plump over on Mike's head clear down on his shoulders, and there it stuck. We got down the boat and when we got to Mike he hadn't come to yet and didn't for some time after. He'd been a gone coon if it hadn't bin fur that ringer, although it took the skin offen his nose."

"Did the Captain pay the $20?"

"Pay it? You jist bet he did. And Jim he handed it over to Mike, and Mike he blew it all in when we got to Detroit. I wish some of it was here now fur I'm mighty dry. Thanks. Don't mind if I do."

Gibraltar.

Through the kindness of the U. S. Consul Resident at Gibraltar, one may obtain a permit to visit the fortress mounted on little Spanish borros or donkeys, you ascend the steep west side of the mountain by an old moorish castle; there was the entrance of the fortress, which is about four hundred feet above the sea. Here a sentinel conducted us through *the galleries.* The galleries are tunnels many hundred yards in length, excavated through the solid rock along the entire north front parallel with the face of the rock. Embrasures are blasted out every few hundred feet, from which heavy artillery is provided, fully commanding any approach to the rock from the north. They are unexcelled in their execution and conception of military efficiency and are entirely the work of convict labor. The form two tiers, and the north face of the mountain from below seems studded with apertures resembling the port-holes of a vessel. The galleries were begun in 1782, under the direction of the English Governor of Gibraltar, General Elliott, during the siege of the French and Spaniards.

Emerging from the 'Galleries' we suddenly, at an elevation of some eleven hundred feet find ourselves on a stone plateau on the North side of the 'Peak' whence the eye meets one of the grandest views imaginable;—to the East the blue Mediterranean; to the North the mountainous district of Algeciras with the town of La Linea in the foreground; to the West the harbor of Gibraltar and the villages of Algeciras and Tarifa. At your feet are the Race course, the Cricket grounds and the grave-yard with its multitude of small square sepulchres, silent witnesses of the many bloody contests that have agitated this historic region.

Eating "Artificial" Bodies.

Dr. Frank Boas, in a report on the Indian tribes of British Columbia, says that the principal figure in the mythology of several of them is a raven, who created all things, not for the benefit of mankind, but to "revenge himself." Cannibalism is practiced by some tribes in connection with the winter dances; and there is a Kwakiutl tradition that one of their ancestors descended from heaven, wearing a ring of red cedar bark, and taught the people the cannibal ceremonies. The ceremonies have been adopted only in part by the Qomaks, who content themselves with eating "artificial" bodies, which they prepare "by sewing dried halibut to a human skeleton."—*Boston Herald.*

A Dare Devil of a Dane.

A Danish officer is pictured to us making observations in regard to the deviation of rifle bullets. One day, when walking on the ramparts of Duppel, he saw a Prussian sharpshooter taking aim at him. While the soldier placed himself against a tree in order to take a steadier aim the officer raised his glass to watch his movements. "This is all right," said he, "the musket is just on a line with my breast—we shall see." The trigger was pulled, and the Danish officer quietly wrote down: At a distance of about 500 yards the deviation of a ball from a rifled musket is about one meter."

Colorow is said to have cost the State of Colorado $200,000.

—In Mexico laborers get eighteen to twenty-five cents a day, and are often paid in farm produce.

—Washington is the best shaded city in the world. At present there are 65,000 shade trees in its streets.

—Col. Hains reports that the Potomac flat improvement has reclaimed up to date 461 acres of marsh once under tide water.

—An Otsego (Mich.) man was saved from a horrible death by a rooster's crow, recently. He was lost in the woods and about done for, when the cock crew, showing him the way back to civilization.

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Bites,	Galls,	Piles.
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The Steamboat man or the Boatman needs it in liberal supply afloat and ashore.

The Horse-fancier needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance.

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One gallon, mixed with 60 gallons of cold water, will dip thoroughly 180 sheep, at a cost of 1 cent each. Easily applied; a nourisher of wool: a certain cure for SCAB. Also,

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Mixes instantly with water. Prevents the fly frmo striking. In a 2-pound package there is sufficient to dip twenty sheep, and in a 7-pound package there is sufficient to dip 100 sheep.

PRICE, 17 CENTS PER POUND.

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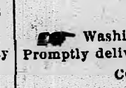

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